Lecture : 4 periods/week
Tutorial: 1 period/week

Internal assessment: $\mathbf{3 0}$ marks
Semester end examination: 70 marks

## Course Objectives:

- To introduce micro as well as macro, economic concepts that are useful in business decision making.
- To analysis various business situations with the help of various economic concepts.
- To help students better recognize the application of modern principles and methods of microeconomics to real-world business problems in different contexts.
- To master the basic tools of microeconomics: supply and demand analysis; firms' production and pricing decisions, market equilibrium and market structure analysis.
- The objective of this course is to acquaint the students regarding various accounting concepts and its application in managerial decision making.
- To enable the students to analyze a company's financial statements and come to a reasoned conclusion about the financial situation of the company.
- To introduce prospective managers of new ventures to prepare and analyse financial statements.
- To enable the students understand how organisations make important investment and financing decisions


## Learning Outcomes:

- Students will be aware of various aspects of managerial economics, production \& cost analysis, markets \& pricing strategies.
- Students will develop an ability to identify, formulate, and solve engineering problems by applying the subject knowledge of Managerial economics.
- Students will apply capital budgeting, financial analysis techniques in evaluating various investment opportunities
- Students will enhance their capabilities in the interpretation of balance sheets are followed in industries, organizations \& institutes.


## UNIT-I

Introduction to Managerial Economics \& Demand Analysis: Definition of Managerial Economics, Characteristics and Scope - Managerial Economics and its relation with other subjects- Basic economic tools in Managerial Economics. Demand Analysis: Meaning- Demand distinctions- Demand determinantsLaw of Demand and its exceptions.

## UNIT-II

Elasticity of Demand \& Demand Forecasting: Definition -Types of Elasticity of demand - Measurement of price elasticity of demand: Total outlay method, Point method and Arc method- Significance of Elasticity of Demand. Demand Forecasting: Meaning - Factors governing demand forecasting - Methods of demand forecasting (survey of buyers' Intentions, Delphi method, Collective opinion, Analysis of Time series and Trend projections, Economic Indicators, Controlled experiments and Judgmental approach) - Forecasting demand for new products- Criteria of a good forecasting method.

## UNIT-III

Theory of Production and Cost Analysis: Production Function- Isoquants and Isocosts, MRTS, Law of variable proportions- Law of returns to scale- Least Cost Combination of Inputs, Cobb-Douglas Production function - Economies of Scale. Cost Analysis: Cost concepts, Opportunity cost, Fixed Vs Variable costs, Explicit costs Vs. Implicit costs, Out of pocket costs vs. Imputed costs.-Determination of Break-Even Point (simple problems) - Managerial Significance and limitations of BEP.

## UNIT-IV

Introduction to Markets, Managerial Theories of the Firm \& Pricing Policies: Market structures: Types of competition, Features of Perfect Competition, Monopoly and Monopolistic Competition. PriceOutput Determination under Perfect Competition, Monopoly, Monopolistic Competition and Oligopoly Managerial theories of the firm - Marris and Williamson's models.

UNIT - V
Types of Industrial Organization \& Introduction to business cycles: Characteristic features of Industrial organization, Features and evaluation of Sole Proprietorship, Partnership, Joint Stock Company, State/Public Enterprises and their types.

## UNIT- VI

Introduction to Financial Accounting: Introduction to Double-entry system, Journal, Ledger, Trial Balance- Final Accounts (with simple adjustments)- Limitations of Financial Statements.

## UNIT -VII

Interpretation and analysis of Financial Statement: Ratio Analysis - Liquidity ratios, Profitability ratios and solvency

## UNIT-VIII

Capital and Capital Budgeting: Meaning of capital budgeting, Need for capital budgeting - Capital budgeting decisions (Examples of capital budgeting) - Methods of Capital Budgeting: Payback Method, Accounting Rate of Return (ARR), IRR and Net Present Value Method (simple problems)

## Learning Resources

## Text Books:

1. Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, J.V.Prabhakar Rao, Maruthi Publications, 2011
2. Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, N. Appa Rao. \& P. Vijaya Kumar, Cengage Publications, New Delhi, 2011

## References:

1. Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, A R Aryasri ,TMH, 2011
2. Managerial Economics, Suma damodaran, Oxford, 2011
3. Mangerial Economice \& Financial Analysis, S. A. Siddiqui \& A.S. Siddiqui , New Age International Publishers, 2011
