

PVP SIDDHARTHA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY  
KANURU ,VIJAYAWADA -520007  
(AUTONOMOUS)  
PVP 12 REGULATION  
ENGINEERING PHYSICS  
(COMMON FOR EEE,ECE,MECH,CIVIL,CSE,IT,AE)  
(COMMON FOR CE2T3,EE2T2,ME2T2,EC1T2,CS1T3,IT1T5,AE2T4,EM1T3)

**Credits: 4**

**Lecture: 4 periods/week**  
**Tutorial: 1 period /week**

**Internal assessment: 30 marks**  
**Semester end examination: 70 marks**

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**COURSE OBJECTIVES**

The entire course is designed to have the basic concepts of quantum mechanics and properties of different types of materials including nano materials

- 1) To have knowledge and to solve problems in quantum mechanics .
- 2) To study the structure of crystal and X-ray diffraction techniques .
- 3) To know the electrical properties of conducting materials and band theory of solids
- 4) To study the properties of Dielectric materials
- 5) To have the knowledge about the magnetic materials and super conductivity
- 6) To learn the theory of semiconductors and solar cells
- 7) To learn about the theory with applications of lasers and fundamentals of optical fibers.
- 8) To understand the production properties and application of nano materials.

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

After completion of the course the student will be able to

- CO1) Acquire the knowledge of quantum mechanics and by which he can solve the problems in quantum mechanics .
- CO2) Learn about the crystal structure and X-ray diffraction techniques by which he will learn to determine crystal structure .
- CO3) Gain the knowledge about the materials (conductors, semi-Conductors, insulators and magnetic materials) .
- CO4) Comprehend the basic concepts of Advanced topics such as lasers , Optical fibers and super conductivity.
- CO5) Examine the advances in material science such as nano – materials.

### **UNIT-I: Quantum Mechanics**

Introduction - Plank's black body theory of radiation - Debroglie hypothesis – Properties of matter waves – Davison and Germer experiment – G.P. Thomson experiment – Heisenberg uncertainty principle - Schrödinger wave equation – physical significance of wave function – particle in a one dimensional box.

### **UNIT-II: Crystal Structure & X-ray Diffraction**

Introduction – Space lattice – Basis - unit cell - Lattice parameters – Bravais lattices – Crystal systems – Structure and packing fraction of simple , bcc , fcc crystals . Directions and planes in crystals – miller indices – separation between successive (h,k,l) Parallel planes – Diffraction of X rays – Bragg's law -Laue method and Powder method.

### **UNIT-III: Free Electron Theory of metals**

Classical free electron theory- Drift velocity – Relaxation time – Relation between relaxation time and mean collision time - Quantum free electron theory- Fermi Dirac distribution functions- causes of electrical resistance. Bloch theorem- Kronig penny model(qualitative treatment)- Classification of materials – effective mass of an electron.

### **UNIT-IV: Dielectrics**

Dielectric constant – Types of Dielectrics- electronic, ionic and orientation polarizations– internal fields in solids – Clausius Mossotti relation –Frequency dependence of dielectric constant and polarizability- Ferro electricity and piezoelectricity – Applications .

### **UNIT-V: Magnetic Properties & Superconductivity**

Origin of magnetic moment – classification of magnetic materials – domain and weiss field theory – Hysteresis curve – soft and hard magnetic materials- applications.  
Superconductivity – general properties – meissner effect – penetration depth – Type I & Type II superconductors – BCS theory – applications of superconductor.

### **UNIT-VI: Semiconductors**

Introduction – intrinsic semiconductor and carrier concentration- Fermi level in intrinsic semiconductor - equation for conductivity – extrinsic semiconductor - Fermi level in extrinsic semiconductor – Drift and diffusion current – Einstein's relation – continuity equation – Recombination –Direct and Indirect band gap semiconductors. Solar radiation and conversion efficiency – p-n junction – solar cells- Hetro junction – interface and thin solar cell – applications.

### **UNIT-VII:- Lasers & Fibre Optics:**

Characteristics of lasers – spontaneous and stimulated emission of radiation – Einstein coefficients – population inversion – pumping – Ruby, Helium-Neon & Semiconductor lasers. Applications of lasers.

Fiber optics: Principle of optical fiber – Acceptance angle and numerical aperture – types of fibers and refractive index profile – Attenuation in optical fibers – applications of optical fibers.

**UNIT-VIII: Physics of Nanomaterials**

Introduction – Surface to volume ratio- Quantum confinement effect- properties and preparation of nanomaterial – quantum wires – quantum dots – quantum wells - nanotubes – SWNT- MWNT- Fabrication of AFM, SEM, TEM, STM, MRFM, - Applications of nanomaterials.

**TEXT BOOKS :**

1. Solid state Physics by S.O.Pillai. (New Age International Publications).
2. Physics of Semiconductors by S.M.Sze.

**Reference Books:**

1. Engineering physics by Gaur and Gupta. ( Dhenpat Rai Publications ).
2. Engineering physics by D.K.Bhattacharya and A.Bhaskaran. (Oxford Publications).
3. Engineering physics by M.R.Srinivasan (New Age International Publications)