## **E-Waste MANAGEMENT**

(Open Elective-III)

Course	20EC2701B	Year	IV	Semester	I
Code					
Course	(open	Branch	ECE	Course Type	Theory
Category	elective)				
Credits	3	L-T-P	3-0-2	Prerequisites	
Continuous	30	Semester	70	Total	100
Internal		End		Marks:	
<b>Evaluation:</b>		<b>Evaluation:</b>			

	Course Outcomes						
Upon	Upon successful completion of the course, the student will be able to						
CO1	Know about the environmental impacts of e-waste.						
CO2	Apply various concept learned under e-waste management hierarchy.						
CO3	Distinguished the role of various national and internal act and laws applicable for e-waste management and handling.						
CO4	Analyze the e – waste management measures proposed under national and global legislations.						

Mapping of course outcomes with Program outcomes (CO/PO/PSO Matrix)  Note: 1- Weak correlation 2-Medium correlation 3-Strong correlation  * - Average value indicates course correlation strength with mapped PO														
COs	PO1			PO4		PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1 0	PO11	PO12	PSO 1	PSO 2
CO1						2	2							
CO2						2	2							
CO3						2	2							
CO4						2	2							

	Syllabus					
Unit No.	Contents	Mapped CO				
I	Introduction.  E- waste; composition and generation. Global context in e- waste; E-waste pollutants, E waste hazardous properties, Effects of pollutant (E- waste) on human health and surrounding environment, domestic e-waste disposal, Basic principles of E waste management, Component of E waste management, Technologies for recovery of resources from electronic waste, resource recovery potential of e-waste, steps in recycling and recovery of materials-mechanical processing, technologies for recovery of materials, occupational and environmental health perspectives of recycling e-waste in India.	CO1				
II	E-waste hazardous on Global trade  Essential factors in global waste trade economy, Waste trading as a quint essential part of electronic recycling, Free trade agreements as a means of waste trading. Import of hazardous e-waste in India; India's stand on liberalizing import rules, E-waste economy in the organized and unorganized sector.  Estimation and recycling of e-waste in metro cities of India.	CO1, CO2				
III	E-waste control measures  Need for stringent health safeguards and environmental protection laws in India, Extended Producers Responsibility (EPR), Import of e-waste permissions, Producer-Public-Government cooperation, Administrative Controls & Engineering controls, monitoring of compliance of Rules, Effective regulatory mechanism strengthened by manpower and technical expertise, Reduction of waste at source.	CO1, CO3				
IV	E-waste (Management and Handling) Rules, 2011; and E-Waste (Management) Rules, 2016 - Salient Features and its likely implication. Government assistance for TSDFs.	CO1, CO4				
V	The international legislation: The Basel Convention; The Bamako Convention. The Rotterdam Convention. Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Directive in the European Union, Restrictions of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Directive	CO1, CO4				

## **Learning Resources**

## Text Books

1.E-waste: implications, regulations, and management in India and current global best practices", Johri R., TERI Press, New Delhi

## **Reference Books**

- 1. Electronic Waste 1st Edition (Toxicology and Public Health Issues), Fowler B. 2017Elsevier
- 2. Electronic Waste Management. Science ,Hester R.E., and Harrison R.M. 2009