## 19CE3403 - GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING

Coi	urse Ca	tegory:		Program Core Credits: 3				3							
Course Type:				Theory							Lecture-Tutorial-			3-0-0	
Course Type.				Theory							Practical:			3-0-0	
											Continu Evaluati		3	0	
P	rerequi	sites:		19CE3	301- Er	ngineeri	ing Me	chanics	<b>,</b>		Semester			0	
	•										Evaluati		1	0	
	Total Marks: 10							00							
Course Outcomes															
	on successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:  Understand formation of soil and classification of soils by formation and transporting														
CO1		gent, Indian regional soil deposits													
~		<b>Determine</b> index properties of soil, coefficient of permeability and classify the soil as												К3	
CO2		per IS soil classification													
CO3	Eval	uate th	ne effe	ctive st	tress a	nd vert	ical str	ress di	stributi	ion				K5	
CO4										idation				К3	
CO5		Determine shear strength analytically and from laboratory data and choose the relevant									elevant	K3			
		aboratory or field-testing method to evaluate shear strength.  Contribution of Course Outcomes towards achievement of Program Outcomes													
	PO1	Contri PO2	bution PO3	of Cou	rse Ou PO5	rome:	s towai PO7	rds ach PO8	ieveme PO9	ent of Pr PO10	ogram C PO11	Outcomes PO12	PSO1	PSO2	
CO1	3	3	2	104	103	100	107	100	109	1010	1011	1	3	2	
CO2	3	3	2									1	3	2	
CO3	3	3	2									1	3	2	
CO4	3	3	2									1	3	2	
CO5	3	3	2									1	3	2	
Avg.	3	3	2									1	3	2	
		1- Lo	)W				2-Me					3-High			
						Cou	rse (	Cont	ent						
												, residua			
		transported soils, three phase representation of soil mass, physical properties of soil													
I INTERN		- void ratio, porosity, degree of saturation, water content, module weights, specific												CO1	
UNIT-		gravity – their functional relationships, relative density.  Consistency Limits: Determination and various indices – plasticity index,											CO1		
		consistency index, liquidity index – uses and applications of consistency limits in soil engineering, activity ratio.													
				<u> </u>			nsize c	lassifi	cation,	Indian s	tandard	classific	cation		
	fo	<b>Classification:</b> – I.S and MIT grainsize classification, Indian standard classification for fine grained and coarse grained soils for general engineering purposes													
	<b>Soil Hydraulics:</b> Types of soil water, Darcy's law and its limitations, determination														
TIPIELE.		of coefficient of permeability, laboratory methods-constant head and variable head												000	
UNIT-	_													CO2	
		stratified soils, stress principle for saturated soils-total, neutral and effective stresses, no flow, downward flow and upward flow conditions, quick sand													
		conditions, critical hydraulic gradient, piping failures in dams founded on													
		permeable formations													
	Stress Distribution: Boussinesq theory for the determination of vertical stresses														
		due to point loads, assumptions and validity, extension to circular loaded areas,													
UNIT														CO <sub>3</sub>	
		equation, Newmark's influence chart - construction and use, contact pressure													
<u> </u>	distribution beneath rigid footings  Consolidation: Oedometer Tests, e-p and e-log p curves – compression index.														
UNIT		Consolidation: Oedometer Tests, e-p and e-log p curves – compression index, coefficient of compressibility and coefficient of volume change, Terzaghi's													
		assumptions for one dimensional consolidation, equation and application,											CO4		
		P		01						1				<u>:</u>	

	coefficient of consolidation, degree of consolidation vs time, initial compression, primary compression and secondary compression, normally consolidated, over consolidated and under consolidated clayey deposits,  Compaction: Mechanism of compaction, factors affecting compaction, effect of compaction on engineering properties of soils, field compaction equipment and quality control.  Shear Strength of Soils: Stress at a point, Mohr circle of stress, Mohr-coulomb's								
UNIT-5	failure compr labora	failure theory, shear tests – direct shear box, unconfined compression, tri-axial compression, and field vane shear tests, shear parameters, types of shear tests in the laboratory based on drainage conditions, shear strength of sands, critical void ratio, thixotropy and dilatancy of sands.							
		Learning Resources							
Text Books  Reference Books		<ol> <li>B.C. Punmia, Soil Mechanics and Foundations, (SI Modules), 16/e Laxm Publications, Sixteenth edition (2017).</li> <li>Gopala Ranjan and A.S.R, Rao, Basic and Applied Soil Mechanics, 2/e, New</li> </ol>							
		Age International Publishers, Third edition 2016.							
		3. Dr. K. R Arora, Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering, Standard Publisher Dist, 2009.							
		<ol> <li>C. Venkataramaiah, Geotechnical Engineering, New Age International, 2006.</li> <li>M. Braja Das, Principles of Geotechnical Engineering, Cengage Learning, 2013.</li> <li>P. Donald, Coduto, Geotechnical Engineering, Prentice-Hall India, 2010.</li> </ol>							
other di	e-Resources& 1. <a href="https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105/101/105101201/">https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105/101/105101201/</a> 2. <a href="https://intuk-coeerd.in/">http://jintuk-coeerd.in/</a>								